Packet Tracer – Investigating Convergence

Topology



Addressing Table

Device	Interface	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway
R1	G0/0	209.165.0.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
	G0/1	64.100.0.1	255.0.0.0	N/A
	S0/0/0	192.168.1.2	255.255.255.0	N/A
R2	G0/0	10.0.0.1	255.0.0.0	N/A
	S0/0/0	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
PC1	NIC	64.100.0.2	255.0.0.0	64.100.0.1
PC2	NIC	209.165.0.2	255.255.255.0	209.165.0.1
PC3	NIC	10.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	10.0.0.1

Objectives

- Part 1: View the Routing Table of a Converged Network
- Part 2: Add a New LAN to the Topology
- Part 3: Watch the Network Converge

Background

This activity will help you identify important information in routing tables and witness the process of network convergence.

Part 1: View the Routing Table of a Converged Network

Step 1: Use show commands and interpret the output.

- a. Show the directly connected networks of **R1**. How many routes are connected to **R1**? R1# show ip route connected
- b. Show the running configuration of R1. What routing protocol is in use?
- c. Are the IP addresses in the configuration advertised by RIP the same as those that are connected?
- d. Are these IP addresses assignable, network, or broadcast?
- e. Show the networks of R1 learned through RIP. How many routes are there?

```
R1# show ip route rip
```

f. Show all of the networks that R1 has in its routing table. What do the leading letters represent?

R1# show ip route

g. Repeat step 1, a to f on R2. Compare the output of the two routers.

Step 2: Verify the state of the topology.

- a. Ping PC3 from PC2. The ping should be successful.
- b. Show the interface status on **R2**. Two interfaces should have assigned addresses. Each address corresponds to a connected network.

R2# show ip interface brief

c. Show the interface status on R1. How many interfaces have assigned addresses?

R1# show ip interface brief

Part 2: Add a New LAN to the Topology

Step 1: Add an Ethernet cable.

- a. Connect the correct Ethernet cable from S1 to the appropriate port on R1.
- b. Ping from PC1 to PC2 after the affected S1 port turns green. Was the ping successful?
- c. Ping from PC1 to PC3. Was the ping successful? Why?

Step 2: Configure a route.

- a. Switch from Realtime mode to Simulation mode.
- b. Enter a new route on **R1** for the 64.0.0.0 network.

```
R1(config) # router rip
```

```
R1(config-router)# network 64.0.0.0
```

c. Examine the PDUs leaving R1. What type are they?

Part 3: Watch the Network Converge

Step 1: Use debug commands.

- a. Enable debugging on **R2**.
 - R2# debug ip rip
 - R2# debug ip routing
- b. For reference, show the routing table of **R2** as in step 1f.
- c. Click Capture / Forward from simulation mode. What notification appeared in the terminal of R2?
- d. According to the debugging output, how many hops away from R2 is 64.0.0.0?
- e. What interface does R2 send packets destined for the 64.0.0.0 network?
- f. Show the routing table of **R2**. Record the new entry.

Step 2: Verify the state of the topology.

Ping from PC1 to PC3. Was the ping successful? Why?

Suggested Scoring Rubric

Activity Section	Question Location	Possible Points	Earned Points
Part 1: View the Routing Table of a Converged Network.	Step 1-a	6	
	Step 1-b	6	
	Step 1-c	6	
	Step 1-d	6	
	Step 1-e	6	
	Step 1-f	6	
	Step 2-c	6	
	Part 1 Total	42	
Part 2: Add a New LAN to	Step 1-b	6	
the Topology	Step 1-c	6	
	Step 2-c	6	
	Part 2 Total	18	
Part 3: Watch the Network	Step 1-c	6	
Converge	Step 1-d	6	
	Step 1-e	6	
	Step 1-f	6	
	Step 2-a	6	
	30		
Pa	10		
	Total Score	100	